



COMPANY NAME

TITAN AG SERVICES, INC.

PROGRAM

**Field Emergency Procedures for
Injuries or Illnesses**

TITAN AG SERVICES, INC.

Field Emergency Procedures for Injuries or Illnesses

In the event of a field emergency, which can but not only include the following types of emergencies, these are the procedures one should follow:

Type(s): of injuries or illnesses

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unconscious/Seizures/Stroke• Not Breathing/Chocking• Burn/Heat related illnesses• Heart attack	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chemical/Pesticide accident or exposure• Allergic reaction from an insect bite/Snake bit• Bleeding/Cut• Equipment Accident
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1. Check the scene. Make sure it's safe to enter the area. Then, check the person for life threatening conditions. Determine if the person needs an ambulance or if it can be handled by performing first aid.
2. If the person needs an ambulance call 9-1-1 or ask a person to make the call. Provide the following information to 911 or emergency operator:
 - Nature of emergency
 - Precise location of emergency-(recommend-Including a map of vicinity)
 - Closest physical address, if known
 - Name of closest main road and nearest cross street
 - Have someone wait at that intersection/location until emergency personnel arrive to direct them to injured worker
 - Give your name and phone number from which you are calling
 - Do not move victim unless absolutely necessary
 - Never hang up until operator has done so or informs you to do so
 - Know the name and location of the nearest medical facility. In the event you can transport injured worker safely
3. Visually inspect the person for obvious injuries. If person is conscious ask them what hurts.
4. If the person is unconscious and medical services have not arrived, check that the person is breathing. If the person is not breathing, begin CPR compressions as instructed in the training until medical service arrives.
 - Remember to wear protective gloves or other Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). (Note: avoid contact with blood or other bodily fluids)
 - Never allow anyone injured or ill to drive themselves home or to a medical facility. Have someone else drive them there.
5. Once the person has received care and the incident is over, proceed with the company incident investigation and documentation process.